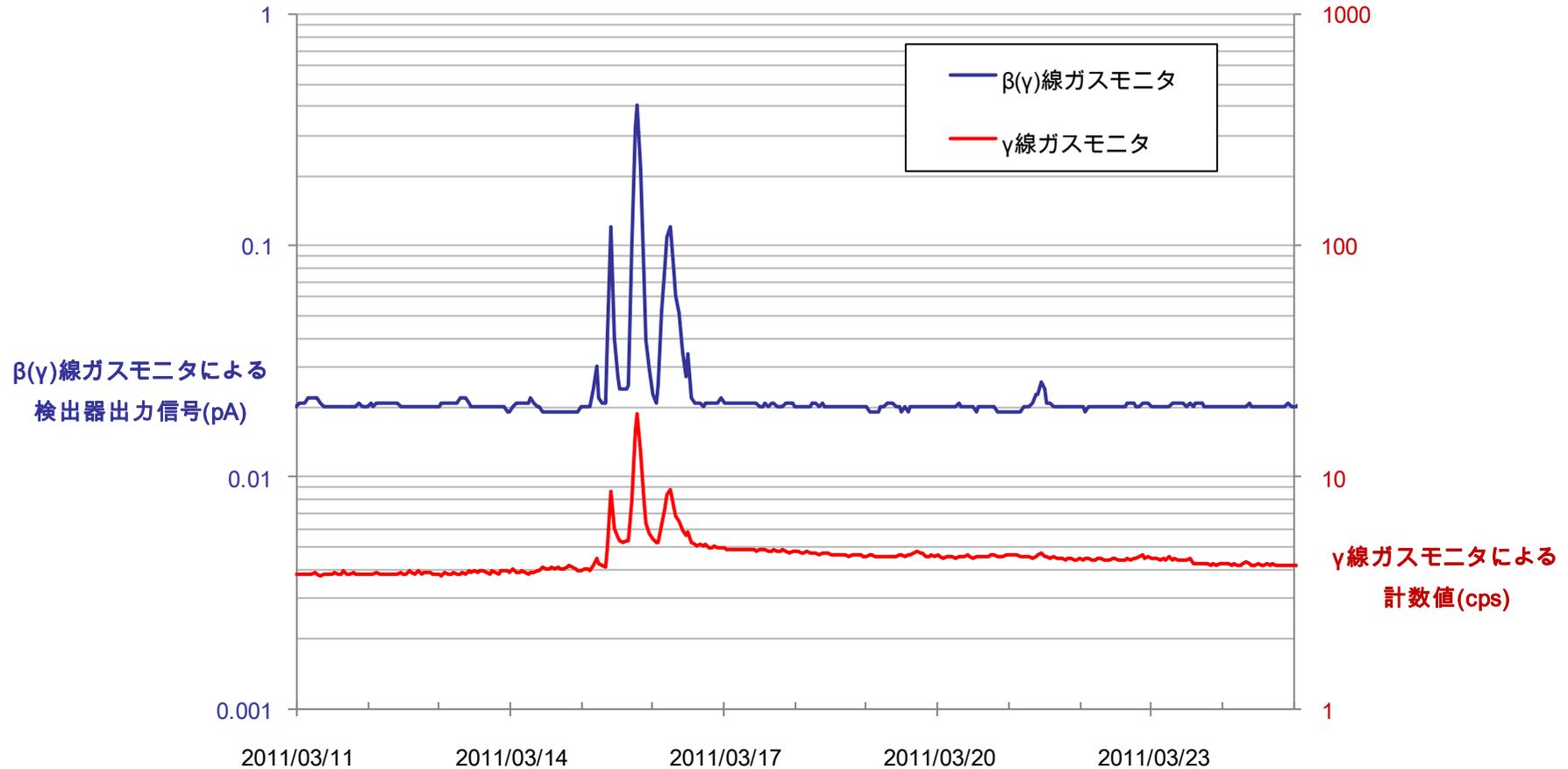


空气中放射線量(β線・γ線) 2011/3/11～2011/3/24 (1時間毎)

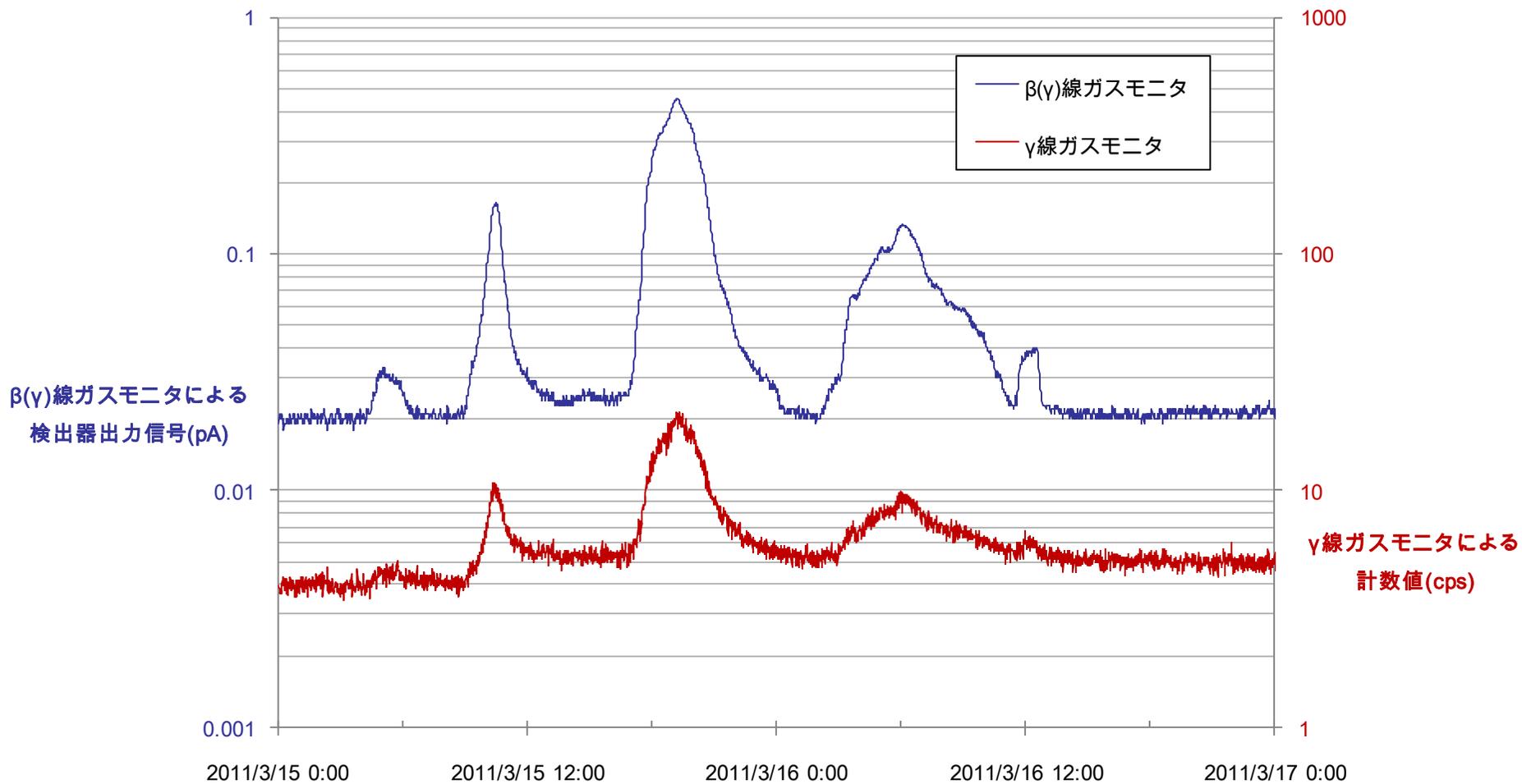
測定場所: 東京慈恵会医科大学(東京都港区)
大学1号館10階 放射性同位元素排気施設



β(γ)線ガスモニタ: DGM-101(Aloka) 14L 通気式円筒形電離箱 流量6.5L/min
γ線ガスモニタ: DGM-151(Aloka) 2φ×2"NaI(Tl)シンチレータ 流量6.5L/min

空气中放射線量(β線・γ線) 2011/3/15～2011/3/16(1分毎)

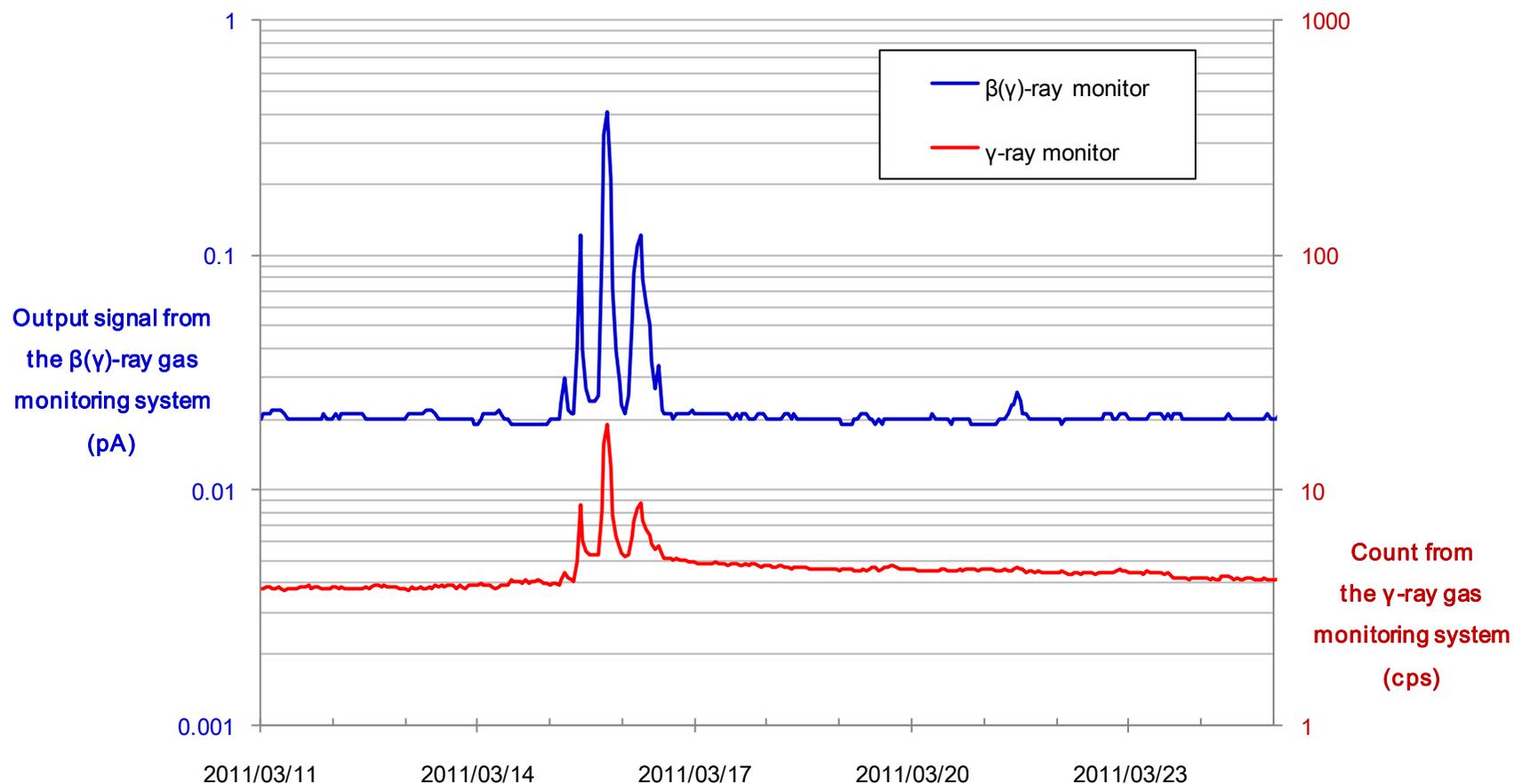
測定場所: 東京慈恵会医科大学(東京都港区)
大学1号館10階 放射性同位元素排気施設



β(γ)線ガスモニタ: DGM-101(Aloka) 14L 通気式円筒形電離箱 流量6.5L/min
γ線ガスモニタ: DGM-151(Aloka) 2φ×2"NaI(Tl)シンチレータ 流量6.5L/min

Beta- and gamma-ray intensity in the air 2011/3/11 ~ 2011/3/24 (1 hour intervals)

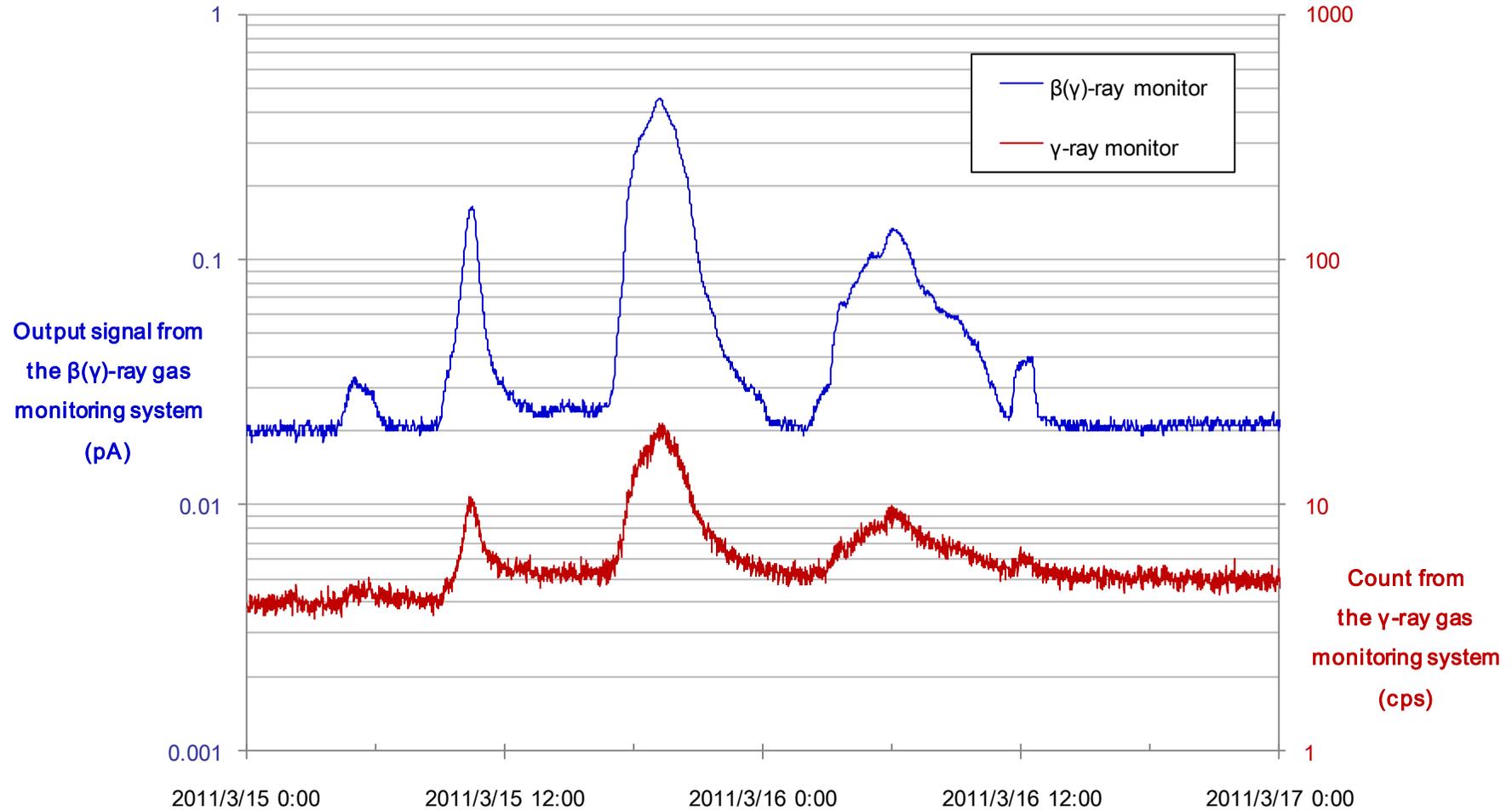
Sampling point: Exhaust system in the Building 1 (10th floor),
Radioisotope Research Facility,
The Jikei University School of Medicine
(Minato-ku, Tokyo, JAPAN)



$\beta(\gamma)$ -ray gas monitoring system: DGM-101(Aloka) 14L, Aeration cylindrical ionization chamber, FR 6.5L/min
 γ -ray gas monitoring system: DGM-151(Aloka) $2\phi \times 2''$ NaI(Tl) scintillator, FR 6.5L/min

Beta- and gamma-ray intensity in the air 2011/3/15 ~ 2011/3/16 (1 min intervals)

Sampling point: Exhaust system in the Building 1 (10th floor),
Radioisotope Research Facility,
The Jikei University School of Medicine
(Minato-ku, Tokyo, JAPAN)



$\beta(\gamma)$ -ray gas monitoring system: DGM-101(Aloka) 14L, Aeration cylindrical ionization chamber , FR 6.5L/min
 γ -ray gas monitoring system: DGM-151(Aloka) 2 ϕ ×2" NaI(Tl) scintillator , FR 6.5L/min